The significant temperature departures for September can be found in the Ohio Valley as well as the South Central States.
Exceptionally dry conditions existed in the Southeaster states, especially Florida. However, due to an active hurricane season in the Gulf, greater than average precipitation totals were present in Louisiana and extended up into Michigan.

These anomalies were input into the analog-mapper to determine from climate division data which years in the past best match this configuration. The years were: 1919, 1931, 1940, 1941, 1958, 1961, 1978, 1983, 1985, 1986.

Listed below are the composite departures of precipitation and temperature for October through November.
The forecast here calls for warmer than average temperatures for the Southeastern half of the United States, while the Northwestern sector remains under a cool spell for the next two months.

A trend of significant moisture for October through November can be seen in the central part of the county.
Applying those same analog years produced the following daily departures from normal for three regions of Pennsylvania for the period from October 1 – November 30.

Western Pennsylvania Temperature Forecast
October - November 2008

![Western Pennsylvania Temperature Forecast Graph](image)

- The graph shows daily mean temperature departures from normal in Fahrenheit for Western Pennsylvania from October 1 to November 30, 2008.
- The forecast and verification data are depicted with different line styles for ease of comparison.
- The graph highlights fluctuations in temperature departures, indicating periods of colder or warmer than normal temperatures.

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